

DMM Redlines for First-Class Mail and Standard Mail AADC/3-Digit (under consideration)

DMM 230 First-Class Mail

233 Prices and Eligibility

5.0 Additional Eligibility Standards for Automation First-Class Mail

5.4 Price Application- Automation Cards and Letters

Automation prices apply to each piece that is sorted under 235.6.0 into the corresponding qualifying groups:

- a. Groups of 150 or more pieces in 5-digit/scheme trays qualify for the 5-digit price. Preparation to qualify for the 5-digit price is optional. Pieces placed in full ~~AADC 3-digit/scheme~~ trays in lieu of 5-digit/scheme overflow trays under 235.6.5 are eligible for the 5-digit prices.
- b. Groups of 150 or more pieces in ~~AADC 3-digit/scheme~~ trays qualify for the ~~AADC 3-digit~~ price. ~~Pieces placed in full AADC trays in lieu of 3-digit/scheme overflow trays under 235.6.5 are eligible for the 3-digit prices.~~
- c. Groups of fewer than 150 pieces in ~~AADC~~ origin ~~3-digit/scheme trays and pieces in AADC trays qualify for the AADC price, and p~~pieces placed in mixed AADC trays in lieu of AADC overflow trays under 235.6.5 are eligible for the AADC prices.
- d. Pieces in mixed AADC trays qualify for the mixed AADC price, except for pieces prepared under 5.4c.

235 Mail Preparation

1.0 General Definition of Terms

1.3.1 Letters and Cards

Terms used for presort levels are defined as follows:

- ~~c. 3-digit: the ZIP Code in the delivery address on all pieces begins with the same three digits (see L002, Column A).~~
- ~~d. Unique 3-digit: the ZIP Code in the delivery address on all pieces begins with the same three digits, and that the 3-digit prefix is so identified in L002, Column A.~~
- ~~e. 3-digit scheme: the ZIP Code in the delivery address on all pieces begins with one of the 3-digit prefixes processed by the USPS as a single scheme, as shown in L003.~~
- ~~f. Origin/optional entry 3-digit(s): the ZIP Code in the delivery address on all pieces begins with one of the 3-digit prefixes processed at the sectional center facility (SCF) in whose service area the mail is verified/entered. Subject to standard, a separation is required for each such 3-digit area regardless of the volume of mail.~~

6.0 Preparing Automation Letters

6.2 Mailings

The requirements for mailings are as follows:

b. First-Class Mail. A single automation price First-Class Mail mailing may include pieces prepared at 5-digit, ~~3-digit~~, AADC, and mixed AADC prices.

6.5 Tray Preparation

Instead of preparing overflow trays with fewer than 150 pieces, mailers may include these pieces in an existing qualified tray of at least 150 or more pieces at the next tray level. (For example, if a mailer has 30 overflow 5-digit pieces for ZIP Code 20260, these pieces may be added to an existing qualified ~~AADC 3-digit~~ tray for the correct destination (ZIP Code prefix 202) and the overflow 5-digit pieces will still qualify for the 5-digit price.) Mailers must note these trays on standardized documentation (see 708.1.2). Pieces that are placed in the next tray level must be grouped by destination and placed in the front or back of that tray. Mailers may use this option selectively for ~~3-digit and~~ AADC ZIP Codes. This option does not apply to origin/entry ~~3-digit/scheme~~ trays. Preparation sequence, tray size, and Line 1 labeling:

~~b. 3-digit/scheme: optional, but required for 3-digit price (150-piece minimum except no minimum for origin or entry 3-digit/scheme); overflow allowed. Make 3-digit scheme trays first, then 3-digit trays; see 1.4g.. For Line 1, use L002, Column B.~~

~~c.b. AADC: optional, but required for AADC price (150-piece minimum); overflow allowed; group pieces by 3-digit (or 3-digit scheme) ZIP Code. when overflow pieces from 3-digit trays are placed in AADC trays. For Line 1, use L801, Column B.~~

~~d.c. Mixed AADC: required (no minimum); group pieces by AADC when overflow pieces from AADC trays are placed in mixed AADC trays. For Line 1 use L201; for mail originating in ZIP Code areas in Column A, use "MXD" followed by city, state, and 3-digit ZIP Code prefix in Column C (use "MXD" instead of "OMX" in the destination line and ignore Column B).~~

6.6 Tray Line 2

Line 2: "FCM LTR" and:

~~e. 3-digit scheme: "BC 3D SCHEME" and, if applicable, as shown in L002, Column B, followed by the letter "A," "B," or "C."~~

~~d. 3-digit: "3D BC."~~

DMM 240 Standard Mail

243 Prices and Eligibility

7.0 Eligibility Standards for Automation Standard Mail

7.4 Price Application for Automation Letters

Automation prices apply to each piece that is sorted under 245.10.0, into the corresponding qualifying groups:

- a. Groups of 150 or more pieces in 5-digit/scheme trays qualify for the 5-digit price. Preparation to qualify for that price is optional. Pieces placed in full 3-digit/scheme trays under 245.7.5 in lieu of 5-digit/scheme overflow trays are eligible for 5-digit prices (see 245.7.5).
- ~~b. Groups of 150 or more pieces in 3-digit/scheme trays qualify for the 3-digit price. Pieces placed in full AADC trays under 245.7.5 in lieu of 3-digit/scheme overflow trays are eligible for 3-digit prices (see 245.7.5).~~
- c. Groups of fewer than 150 pieces in origin/entry ~~3-digit/scheme trays and groups of 150 or more pieces in~~ AADC trays qualify for the AADC price. Pieces placed in mixed AADC trays under 245.7.5 in lieu of AADC overflow trays also are eligible for AADC prices (see 245.7.5).
- d. Pieces in mixed AADC trays qualify for the mixed AADC price, except for pieces prepared under 7.4c.

245 Mail Preparation

7.0 Preparing Automation Letters

7.5 Tray Preparation

Instead of preparing overflow trays with fewer than 150 pieces, mailers may include these pieces in an existing qualified tray of at least 150 or more pieces at the next tray level. (For example, if a mailer has 30 overflow 5-digit pieces for ZIP Code 20260, these pieces may be added to an existing qualified ~~3-digit AADC~~ tray for the correct destination (~~ZIP Code prefix 202~~) and the overflow 5-digit pieces will still qualify for the 5-digit price). Mailers must note these trays on standardized documentation (see 708.1.2). Pieces that are placed in the next tray level must be grouped by destination and placed in the front or back of that tray. Mailers may use this option selectively for ~~3-digit and~~ AADC ZIP Codes. This option does not apply to origin/entry ~~3-digit/scheme~~ AADC trays. Preparation sequence, tray size, and Line 1 labeling:

- a. 5-digit/scheme: optional, but required for 5-digit price (150-piece minimum); overflow allowed. Make 5-digit scheme trays first, then 5-digit trays; see 1.4f.. For Line 1, label as follows:
 1. For 5-digit scheme trays, use destination shown in labeling list L012.
 2. For 5-digit trays, use city, state, and 5-digit ZIP Code destination on pieces (see 203.4.11 for overseas military mail).
- ~~b. 3-digit/scheme: optional, but required for 3-digit price (150-piece minimum except no minimum for origin or entry 3-digit/scheme); overflow allowed. Make 3-digit scheme trays first, then 3-digit trays; see 1.4g.. For Line 1, use L002, Column B.~~
- c. AADC: optional, but required for AADC price (150-piece minimum); overflow allowed; group pieces by 3-digit (or 3-digit scheme) ZIP Code prefix ~~when overflow pieces from 3-digit/scheme trays are placed in AADC trays~~. For Line 1, use L801, Column B.

d. Mixed AADC: required (no minimum); group pieces by AADC when overflow pieces from AADC trays are placed in mixed AADC trays. For Line 1 labeling: use L011, Column B. Use L010, Column B if entered at an ASF or NDC or for mail placed on an ASF, NDC, or SCF pallet under the option in 705.8.10.3.

7.6 Tray Line 2

Line 2: "STD LTR" and:

a. 5-digit scheme: "BC 5D SCHEME."

b. 5-digit: "5D BC."

~~c. 3-digit scheme: "BC 3D SCHEME" and, if applicable, as shown in L002, Column B, followed by the letter "A," "B," or "C."~~

~~d. 3-digit: "3D BC."~~

e. AADC: "AADC BC."

f. Mixed AADC: "BC WKG."